

## QUICK START GUIDE

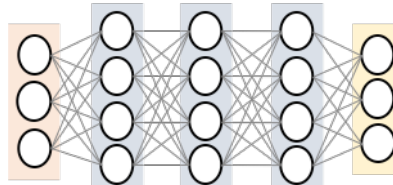
# Deep Learning with MATLAB

Deep Learning Toolbox™ provides built-in functionality for creating, training, and validating deep neural networks. This reference shows some common use cases. For additional examples, visit the documentation: [mathworks.com/help/deeplearning/examples.html](http://mathworks.com/help/deeplearning/examples.html)

### Choosing an Architecture

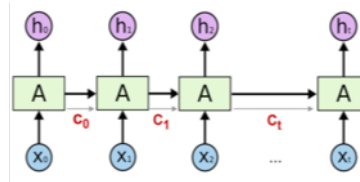
#### Convolution Neural Network (CNN)

- Image data: classification, detection
- Common layers:
  - Convolution layer
  - Max pooling
  - ReLU layer
  - Batch normalization
- Train from scratch or use transfer learning with pretrained models



#### Long Short Term Memory (LSTM) Network

- Sequential data: time series forecasting, signal classification, text prediction
- Common layers:
  - LSTM layer
  - BiLSTM layer
- Perform regression or classification tasks



Use the **Deep Network Designer app** to interactively create and evaluate networks

### Pretrained Networks

#### Import Networks

The toolbox provides several functions for exporting models and layers. More can be found on GitHub and [File Exchange](#).

Import layers	<code>importCaffeLayers</code> <code>importKerasLayers</code>
Import network	<code>importCaffeNetwork</code> <code>importKerasNetwork</code>
Export	<code>exportONNXNetwork</code>

#### Pretrained Models

From Add-on Explorer, use one of the following commands to import a network:

<code>alexnet</code>	<code>vgg19</code>	<code>inceptionv3</code>
<code>googlenet</code>	<code>resnet50</code>	<code>squeezenet</code>
<code>vgg16</code>	<code>resnet101</code>	

### Training Options

#### Training Options

Execution Environment	Parallel, GPU, multi-GPU, auto (default)
MaxEpochs	An epoch is one full pass over entire training set
MiniBatchSize	Subset of training set to evaluate gradient and update weights
InitialLearnRate	A higher initial rate will speed up training but may diverge
LearnRateSchedule	Drop the learn rate over time by a factor
ValidationData	Validate during training
ValidationPatience	Stop training if accuracy is repeated a certain (saves time)

### Validation

#### Inference

`predict` Returns probabilities belonging to each class

`classify` Returns labels and probabilities belonging to each class

```
[Ypred,scores] = classify(net,X);
```

#### State

Network state can be captured and updated with `predictAndUpdateState` and `classifyAndUpdateState`

#### Visualization

Several forms of validations and visualizations can be specified through `trainingOptions`

Plots	Visualize progress
Verbose	Set to true to display training progress each epoch
VerboseFrequency	How often to display
OutputFcn	Custom function
CheckpointPath	Directory to save model each epoch

### Improving Accuracy

Improving model accuracy depends on the task and the data. Common approaches include:

Network architecture:

- Use pretrained models from community experts
- Update layers and adjust parameters

Data preparation:

- Add data
- Training/validation/test split
- Normalize data
- Remove outliers
- Balance classes (add weights)

Hyperparameter tuning:

- Tune the training parameters with Bayes optimization
- Set up problem with `optimizableVariable`
- Write function calling model and options
- Perform optimization with `bayesopt`

```
obj = bayesopt(ObjFcn,OptVars,...);
```

Learn more: [mathworks.com/solutions/deep-learning](http://mathworks.com/solutions/deep-learning)