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Fuzzy Logic Toolbox™ Release Notes


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</tr>
<tr>
<td>mf2mf will be removed</td>
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<td>mam2sug will be removed</td>
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<th>Version</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R2012a</td>
<td>No New Features or Changes</td>
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<td>R2011b</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>R2011a</td>
<td>No New Features or Changes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R2010b</td>
<td>No New Features or Changes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R2010a</td>
<td>No New Features or Changes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
R2009b
No New Features or Changes

R2009a
No New Features or Changes

R2008b
No New Features or Changes

R2008a
No New Features or Changes

R2007b
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R2019a

Version: 2.5
New Features
Bug Fixes
Fuzzy Trees: Implement complex fuzzy inference systems as collections of interconnected FIS objects

You can now create a tree of interconnected fuzzy inference systems. To create a fuzzy tree, create a `fistree` object, specifying the component fuzzy inference systems and their interconnections. For more information, see "Fuzzy Trees".

To evaluate fuzzy trees for specific input combinations, use the `evalfis` function.

Fuzzy System Tuning: Tune rules and parameters of fuzzy inference systems and fuzzy trees to satisfy cost functions

You can now tune the rules and parameters of a fuzzy system to satisfy input/output data or a cost function. You can tune the parameters of fuzzy inference systems (`mamfis` and `sugfis` objects) and fuzzy trees (`fistree` object).

Using the `tunefis` function, you can tune the parameters of a fuzzy system, learn new fuzzy rules, or both. You can tune your fuzzy system using any of the following methods. The first four methods require Global Optimization Toolbox software.

- Genetic algorithms
- Particle swarm optimization
- Simulated annealing
- Pattern search
- ANFIS

The ANFIS method supports only parameter tuning. The other tuning methods support both parameter tuning and rule learning.
Version: 2.4

New Features

Bug Fixes

Compatibility Considerations
**Code Generation: Generate C and C++ code to load and evaluate fuzzy inference systems**

You can now generate code for loading and evaluating a fuzzy inference system (FIS) using MATLAB® Coder™. The following existing functions now support code generation:

- `evalfis`
- `evalfisOptions`
- Built-in membership functions, such as `gaussmf` and `trimf`

For an example, see Generate Code for Fuzzy System Using MATLAB Coder.

Code generation using MATLAB Coder does not support the new FIS objects, `mamfis` and `sugfis`. To create a homogeneous FIS structure for code generation, use the new `getFISCodeGenerationData`.

Code generation using MATLAB Coder replaces the standalone C-code fuzzy inference engine. For more information, see “Support for deploying fuzzy systems using standalone C-code fuzzy inference engine will be removed” on page 2-13.

**Improved Fuzzy Inference System Architecture: Implement fuzzy systems using objects with improved error handling**

The Fuzzy Logic Toolbox now represents fuzzy inference systems using objects. These objects provide improved error handling over the previous structure-based representation.

The following table shows the new objects for representing a fuzzy inference system (FIS). The function for creating each object has the same name as the corresponding object.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Object</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>mamfis</code></td>
<td>Mamdani FIS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>sugfis</code></td>
<td>Sugeno FIS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fisvar</code></td>
<td>Input or output variable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fismf</code></td>
<td>Membership function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fisrule</code></td>
<td>Fuzzy rule</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In addition to new objects, the improved FIS architecture includes several new functions for configuring fuzzy systems.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>addInput and addOutput</td>
<td>Add input and output variables to a FIS (replaces addvar)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>removeInput and removeOutput</td>
<td>Remove input and output variables from a FIS (replaces rmvar)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>removeMF</td>
<td>Remove a membership function from an input or output variable in a FIS (replaces rmmf)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>convertToSugeno</td>
<td>Convert a Mamdani FIS to a Sugeno FIS (replaces mam2sug)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>convertToStruct</td>
<td>Convert a mamfis or sugfis object to a structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>update</td>
<td>Update the fields of a manually created fisrule object based on a given FIS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Compatibility Considerations**

The improved FIS architecture introduces several compatibility considerations that require updates to your code. For more information on how to update your code to use fuzzy inference system objects in general, see “Support for representing fuzzy inference systems as structures will be removed” on page 2-4.

Several functions have changes in behavior or will be removed in a future release, as indicated in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>More Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>newfis</td>
<td>“newfis will be removed” on page 2-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parsrule</td>
<td>“parsrule will be removed” on page 2-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>addvar</td>
<td>“addvar will be removed” on page 2-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rmvar</td>
<td>“rmvar will be removed” on page 2-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rmmf</td>
<td>“rmmf will be removed” on page 2-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getfis</td>
<td>“getfis will be removed” on page 2-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setfis</td>
<td>“setfis will be removed” on page 2-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>More Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mf2mf</td>
<td>“mf2mf will be removed” on page 2-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mam2sug</td>
<td>“mam2sug will be removed” on page 2-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>showfis</td>
<td>“showfis will be removed” on page 2-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>evalfis</td>
<td>“evalfis input argument order has changed” on page 2-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>evalmf</td>
<td>“evalmf now takes a fismf object as an input argument”on page 2-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>addmf</td>
<td>“addmf is now addMF and its function syntax has changed” on page 2-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>addrule</td>
<td>“addrule is now addRule” on page 2-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>writefis</td>
<td>“writefis is now writeFIS” on page 2-13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**evalfis Function: Obtain intermediate rule firing strengths when evaluating fuzzy systems**

You can now obtain intermediate rule firing strengths when evaluating a fuzzy inference system using `evalfis`. The rule firing strengths are obtained by applying the fuzzy operator to the values of the fuzzified inputs.

**addRule Function: Specify rules using linguistic and symbolic expressions**

The `addRule` function now supports adding rules to a fuzzy system using linguistic and symbolic expressions. This `addRule` functionality replaces the equivalent `parsrule` functionality. For more information, see “parsrule will be removed” on page 2-6.

**Functionality Being Removed or Changed**

**Support for representing fuzzy inference systems as structures will be removed**

Still runs

Support for representing fuzzy inference systems as structures will be removed in a future release. Use `mamfis` and `sugfis` objects instead. There are differences between these representations that require updates to your code. These differences include:
• Object property names that differ from the corresponding structure fields
• Objects that store text data as strings rather than as character vectors

Also, all Fuzzy Logic Toolbox functions that accepted or returned fuzzy inference systems as structures now accept and return either `mamfis` or `sugfis` objects.

**Update Code**

To convert existing fuzzy inference system structures to objects, use the `convertfis` function.

This table shows some examples of how to update your code to use the new object property names.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If your code has this form:</th>
<th>Use this code instead:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>fis.andmethod</code></td>
<td><code>fis.AndMethod</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fis.aggmethod</code></td>
<td><code>fis.AggregationMethod</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fis.input(1).name</code></td>
<td><code>fis.Inputs(1).Name</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fis.output(1).mf(1).params</code></td>
<td><code>fis.Outputs(1).MembershipFunctions(1).Parameters</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**newfis will be removed**

*Still runs*

`newfis` will be removed in a future release. Use `mamfis` or `sugfis` instead. There are differences between these functions that require updates to your code.

To create a Mamdani or Sugeno FIS, use `mamfis` or `sugfis`, respectively.

**Update Code**

This table shows some typical usages of `newfis` for creating fuzzy systems and how to update your code to use `mamfis` or `sugfis` instead.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If your code has this form:</th>
<th>Use this code instead:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = newfis(name)</code></td>
<td><code>fis = mamfis('Name',name)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = newfis(name,'FISType','mamdani')</code></td>
<td><code>fis = mamfis('Name',name)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = newfis(name,'FISType','sugeno')</code></td>
<td><code>fis = sugfis('Name',name)</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If your code has this form:

| fis = newfis(name,...        | Use this code instead: |
| 'FISType','mamdani',...      | fis = mamfis('Name',name,... |
| 'AndMethod','prod')          | 'AndMethod','prod')       |
| fis = newfis(name,...        | fis = sugfis('Name',name,... |
| 'FISType','sugeno',...       | 'OrMethod','probor')      |
| 'OrMethod','probor')         |                            |

parsrule will be removed

Still runs

parsrule will be removed in a future release. Use addRule instead.

Update Code

If you previously added rules using linguistic or symbolic expressions with parsrule, you can specify rules using the same expressions with addrule. addRule automatically detects the format of the strings or character vectors in your rule list. Therefore, it is no longer necessary to specify the rule format. To add a rule list using addRule, use the following command:

```matlab
fis = addRule(fis,rules);
```

Previously, you could add rules using indexed expressions with parsrule.

```matlab
rule1 = "1 2, 1 4 (1) : 1"
rule2 = "-1 1, 3 2 (1) : 1"
rules = [rule1 rule2];
fis = parsrule(fis,rules,'Format','indexed');
```

Now, specify these rules using arrays of indices.

```matlab
rule1 = [1 2 1 4 1 1];
rule2 = [-1 1 3 2 1 1];
rules = [rule1; rule2];
fis = addRule(fis,rules);
```

If you previously specified rules using the 'Lanuage' name-value pair argument with parsrule, this functionality has been removed and there is no replacement. Specify your rules using addRule with a different rule format.

Previously, parsrule replaced the entire rule list in your fuzzy system. addRule appends your specified rules to the rule list.
**addvar will be removed**
*Still runs*

`addvar` will be removed in a future release. Use `addInput` or `addOutput` instead. There are differences between these functions that require updates to your code.

To add input or output variables to a fuzzy system, use `addInput` or `addOutput`, respectively.

**Update Code**

This table shows some typical usages of `addvar` and how to update your code to use `addInput` or `addOutput` instead.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If your code has this form:</th>
<th>Use this code instead:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = addvar(fis,'input',...'service',[0 10])</code></td>
<td><code>fis = addInput(fis,[0 10],...,'Name','service')</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = addvar(fis,'output',...'tip',[0 30])</code></td>
<td><code>fis = addOutput(fis,[0 30],...,'Name','tip')</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**rmvar will be removed**
*Still runs*

`rmvar` will be removed in a future release. Use `removeInput` or `removeOutput` instead. There are differences between these functions that require updates to your code.

To remove input or output variables from a fuzzy system, use `removeInput` or `removeOutput`, respectively.

**Update Code**

This table shows some typical usages of `rmvar` and how to update your code to use `removeInput` or `removeOutput` instead. Previously, you specified the index of the variable that you wanted to remove. Now, to remove a variable, specify the variable name.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If your code has this form:</th>
<th>Use this code instead:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = rmvar(fis,'input',1)</code></td>
<td><code>fis = removeInput(fis,&quot;service&quot;)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = rmvar(fis,'output',1)</code></td>
<td><code>fis = removeOutput(fis,&quot;tip&quot;)</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Previously, you had to delete any rules from your fuzzy system that contained the variable you wanted to remove. `removeInput` and `removeOutput` automatically remove these variables from the rule set of your fuzzy system.
**rmmf will be removed**

*Still runs*

rmmf will be removed in a future release. Use `removeMF` instead. There are differences between these functions that require updates to your code.

**Update Code**

The following table shows some typical usages of `rmmf` and how to update your code to use `removeMF` instead. Previously, you specified the index of the variable from which you wanted to remove the membership function and the index of the membership function that you wanted to remove. Now, to remove a membership function, specify the variable name and the membership function name.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If your code has this form:</th>
<th>Use this code instead:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = rmmf(fis,'input',1,'mf',1)</code></td>
<td><code>fis = removeMF(fis,&quot;service&quot;,&quot;poor&quot;)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = rmmf(fis,'output',1,'mf',1)</code></td>
<td><code>fis = removeMF(fis,&quot;tip&quot;,&quot;cheap&quot;)</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Previously, you had to delete any references to a membership function you wanted to remove from the rule set. `removeMF` automatically removes these references from the rule set of your fuzzy system.

**getfis will be removed**

*Still runs*

`getfis` will be removed in a future release. Access fuzzy inference system properties using dot notation instead. There are differences between these approaches that require updates to your code.

**Update Code**

This table shows some typical usages of `getfis` for accessing fuzzy inference system properties and how to update your code to use dot notation instead.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If your code has this form:</th>
<th>Use this code instead:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>get(fis,'andmethod')</code></td>
<td><code>fis.AndMethod</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>getfis(fis,'input',1)</code></td>
<td><code>fis.Inputs(1)</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>getfis(fis,'input',1,'name')</code></td>
<td><code>fis.Inputs(1).Name</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>getfis(fis,'input',2,'mf',1)</code></td>
<td><code>fis.Inputs(2).MembershipFunctions(1)</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Previously, fuzzy inference systems were represented as structures. Now, fuzzy inference systems are represented as objects. Fuzzy inference system object properties have different names than the corresponding structure fields. For more information on fuzzy inference system objects, see `mamfis` and `sugfis`.

**setfis will be removed**

*Still runs*

`setfis` will be removed in a future release. Set fuzzy inference system properties using dot notation instead. There are differences between these approaches that require updates to your code.

**Update Code**

This table shows some typical usages of `setfis` for setting fuzzy inference system properties and how to update your code to use dot notation instead.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If your code has this form:</th>
<th>Use this code instead:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = setfis(fis,'andmethod','prod')</code></td>
<td><code>fis.AndMethod = 'prod'</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = setfis(fis,'input',1,... 'name','service')</code></td>
<td><code>fis.Inputs(1).Name = &quot;service&quot;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>fis = setfis(fis,'input',2,... 'mf',1,... params,[5 10 15])</code></td>
<td><code>fis.Inputs(2).MembershipFunctions(1).Parameters = [5 10 15]</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Previously, fuzzy inference systems were represented as structures. Now, fuzzy inference systems are represented as objects. Fuzzy inference system object properties have different names than the corresponding structure fields. For more information on fuzzy inference system objects, see `mamfis` and `sugfis`.

**mf2mf will be removed**

*Still runs*

`mf2mf` will be removed in a future release. Convert membership functions using dot notation on `fismf` objects instead. There are differences between these approaches that require updates to your code.
Update Code

Previously, to change the type of a membership function in a fuzzy inference system, you converted the parameters using `mf2mf`.

```matlab
fis = readfis('tipper');
oldType = fis.input(1).mf(1).type;
oldParams = fis.input(1).mf(1).params;
fis.input(1).mf(1).type = newType;
fis.input(1).mf(1).params = mf2mf(oldParams,oldType,newType);
```

Now, when you change the type of membership function, the parameters are converted automatically.

```matlab
fis = readfis('tipper');
fis.Inputs(1).MembershipFunctions(1).Type = newType;
```

Previously, membership functions were represented as structures within a fuzzy inference system structure. Now, membership functions are represented as `fismf` objects within `mamfis` and `sugfis` objects. For more information on fuzzy inference system objects, see `mamfis` and `sugfis`.

**mam2sug will be removed**

*Still runs*

`mam2sug` will be removed in a future release. Use `convertToSugeno` instead. To update your code, change the function name from `mam2sug` to `convertToSugeno`. The syntaxes are equivalent.

**showfis will be removed**

*Still runs*

`showfis` will be removed in a future release. View the properties of your FIS directly instead.

Previously, you could view the properties of your fuzzy system, `myFIS`, using the `showfis` function.

`showfis(myFIS)`

Now, you can view the properties directly instead.

`myFIS`
To view additional FIS properties, use dot notation. For example, view information about the membership functions of the first input variable.

myFIS.Inputs(1).MembershipFunctions

For more information on fuzzy inference systems and their properties, see `mamfis` and `sugfis`.

**evalfis input argument order has changed**

*Behavior change*

The order of input arguments for `evalfis` has changed, which requires updates to your code.

**Update Code**

Previously, to evaluate a fuzzy inference system, `fis`, you specified the input variable values, `input`, as the first input argument. For example:

```matlab
output = evalfis(input,fis);
output = evalfis(input,fis,options);
```

Update your code to specify the fuzzy inference system as the first input argument. For example:

```matlab
output = evalfis(fis,input);
output = evalfis(fis,input,options);
```

**evalmf now takes a fismf object as an input argument**

*Behavior change*

`evalmf` now takes a `fismf` object as an input argument rather than the type and parameters of the membership function. Also, you can now evaluate multiple membership functions by passing an array of `fismf` objects to `evalmf`. There are differences between these approaches that require updates to your code.

**Update Code**

Previously, you evaluated a membership function for given input values, `x`, by specifying the type of membership function, `type`, and the membership functions parameters, `params`.

```matlab
y = evalmf(x,params,type);
```

Update your code to first create a `fismf` object, `mf`. Then, pass this object to `evalmf`. 

2-11
mf = fismf(type,params);
y = evalmf(mf,x);

Also, previously, to evaluate multiple membership functions you called evalmf once for each membership function.

y1 = evalmf(x,params1,type1);
y2 = evalmf(x,params2,type2);
y3 = evalmf(x,params3,type3);

Now, you can evaluate multiple membership functions by passing an array of fismf objects to evalmf.

mf1 = fismf(type1,params1);
mf2 = fismf(type2,params2);
mf2 = fismf(type3,params3);
y = evalmf([mf1 mf2 mf3],x);

Here, y = [y1 y2 y3]';

**addmf is now addMF and its function syntax has changed**

*Behavior change*

The name and behavior of the addmf function has changed. Now:

- addmf is addMF
- You specify the variable to which you want to add the membership function by name rather than by index.
- You specify the name of the membership function using a name-value pair argument.

These changes require updates to your code. For more information, see addMF.

**Update Code**

The following table shows some typical usages of addmf for adding membership functions to fuzzy variables and how to update your code. In this table, fis is a fuzzy inference system with two inputs, service and food, and one output, tip.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If your code has this form:</th>
<th>Use this code instead:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>fis = addmf(fis'input',1,...</td>
<td>fis = addMF(fis,&quot;service&quot;,...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>'poor',...</td>
<td>&quot;gaussmf&quot;,[1.5 0],</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>'gaussmf',[1.5 0])</td>
<td>'Name','poor&quot;)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If your code has this form:
```matlab
fis = addmf(fis,'input',2,...
    'rancid',...              
    'trapmf',[-2 0 1 3])
```
Use this code instead:
```matlab
fis = addMF(fis,"food",...
    "trapmf",[-2 0 1 3],...
    'Name','rancid')
```
```matlab
fis = addmf(fis,'output',1,...
    'cheap',...
    'trimf',[0 5 10])
```
```matlab
fis = addMF(fis,"tip",...
    "trimf",[0 5 10],...
    'Name','cheap')
```

**addrule is now addRule**

*Behavior change*

`addrule` is now `addRule`. To update your code, change the function name from `addrule` to `addRule`. The syntaxes are equivalent. For more information see `addRule`.

**writefis is now writeFIS**

*Behavior change*

`writefis` is now `writeFIS`. To update your code, change the function name from `writefis` to `writeFIS`. The syntaxes are equivalent. For more information, see `writefis`.

**Support for deploying fuzzy systems using standalone C-code fuzzy inference engine will be removed**

*Still runs*

Support for deploying fuzzy systems using a standalone C-code fuzzy inference engine will be removed in a future release. Generate code using MATLAB Coder or Simulink® Coder instead.

For more information on:

- Code generation in MATLAB and Simulink, see Deploy Fuzzy Inference Systems.
- The standalone inference engine, see Fuzzy Inference Engine in the R2018a documentation.
Version: 2.3.1
New Features
Bug Fixes
Compatibility Considerations
Fuzzy Logic Controller Block: Troubleshoot FIS evaluation using new diagnostic messages

The Fuzzy Logic Controller block now reports potential problems that can produce unexpected output values during a simulation. The block generates diagnostic messages for the following conditions:

• Input values outside of their specified variable ranges
• No rules fired for a given output at the current input values
• Empty output fuzzy sets

You can specify whether these diagnostic messages are reported as warnings, reported as errors, or ignored.

For more information, see Fuzzy Logic Controller.

New evalfisOptions Option Set: Specify options for evaluating fuzzy systems

You can now specify options for evaluating fuzzy systems at the command line using the new evalfisOptions option set. Using this option set, you can specify:

• The number of sample points to use when evaluating output fuzzy sets.
• Whether diagnostic messages for potential problems are reported as warnings, reported as errors, or ignored.

For more information, see evalfisOptions and evalfis.

Compatibility Considerations

Previously, when evaluating a FIS using evalfis, you specified the number of sample points in output fuzzy sets using the optional input argument numPts.

```matlab
output = evalfis(fis,input,numPts);
```

Starting in R2018a, modify your code to use an evalfisOptions option set.

```matlab
opt = evalfisOptions('NumSamplePoints',numPts);
output = evalfis(fis,input,opt);
```
**evalfis Function: New diagnostic message behavior**

You can now control how the `evalfis` function reports potential problems that can produce unexpected output values during a simulation. The function generates diagnostic messages for the following conditions:

- Input values outside of their specified variable ranges
- No rules fired for a given output at the current input values
- Empty output fuzzy sets

You can specify whether these diagnostic messages are reported as warnings, reported as errors, or ignored. To do so, specify the corresponding options in an `evalfisOptions` option set.

For more information, see `evalfisOptions` and `evalfis`.

**Compatibility Considerations**

Previously, the `evalfis` function had the following behaviors for diagnostic conditions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Diagnostic Condition</th>
<th>Previous Behavior</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Input values outside of their specified variable ranges</td>
<td>MATLAB warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No rules fired for a given output at the current input values</td>
<td>MATLAB Command Window message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Empty output fuzzy sets</td>
<td>MATLAB Command Window message</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Starting in R2018a, these diagnostic conditions are reported as MATLAB warnings by default. You can change this behavior by specifying the corresponding options in an `evalfisOptions` option set.

**evalfis Function: Intermediate fuzzy inference outputs for Sugeno systems analogous to outputs for Mamdani systems**

When evaluating a Sugeno system using the following syntax, the intermediate fuzzy inference results are now analogous to the intermediate results for Mamdani systems.

```matlab
[output,fuzzifiedInputs,ruleOutputs,aggregatedOutput] = evalfis(input,fis);
```
For a Sugeno system:

- `ruleOutputs` now returns an array that contains the scalar output value for each rule; that is, the product of the rule firing strength and the rule output level.
- `aggregatedOutput` now returns the sum of all the rule output values for each output variable.

For more information, see `evalfis`.

**Compatibility Considerations**

Previously, for a Sugeno fuzzy system:

- `ruleOutputs` returned an array that contained the output level for each rule.
- `aggregatedOutput` returned an array that contained the firing strength for each rule.

Starting in R2018a, if your code returns intermediate fuzzy inference results when evaluating a Sugeno system using `evalfis`, modify your code to use the new `ruleOutputs` and `aggregatedOutput` results.

**Functionality being removed or changed**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Functionality</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Use This Instead</th>
<th>Compatibility Considerations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>output = evalfis(input,fis,numPts);</code></td>
<td>Still works</td>
<td><code>opt = evalfisOptions('NumSamplePoints',numPts);</code></td>
<td>To specify the number of sample points for output fuzzy sets, use an <code>evalfisOptions</code> option set. For more information, see “New evalfisOptions Option Set: Specify options for evaluating fuzzy systems” on page 3-2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><code>output = evalfis(input,fis,opt);</code></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functionality</td>
<td>Result</td>
<td>Use This Instead</td>
<td>Compatibility Considerations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diagnostic messages when evaluating fuzzy systems using <code>evalfis</code></td>
<td>Still works</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>By default, diagnostic messages are now reported as warnings. To change this behavior, specify the corresponding options in an <code>evalfisOptions</code> option set. For more information see, “<code>evalfis</code> Function: New diagnostic message behavior” on page 3-3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>[output,fuzzified Inputs,ruleOutputs,aggregatedOutput] = evalfis(input,fis)</code></td>
<td>Still works</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>The behaviors of the <code>ruleOutputs</code> and <code>aggregatedOutput</code> argument of <code>evalfis</code> have changed for evaluating Sugeno systems. For more information, see “<code>evalfis</code> Function: Intermediate fuzzy inference outputs for Sugeno systems analogous to outputs for Mamdani systems” on page 3-3.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
R2017b

Version: 2.3

New Features

Bug Fixes
**Code Generation Improvements: Generate code for single and fixed-point data types, and custom membership and inference functions**

The Fuzzy Logic Controller block now supports code generation for fuzzy systems using:

- Single-precision data.
- Fixed-point data. To generate code for fixed-point data, you need Fixed-Point Designer™ software.
- Custom membership functions and custom inference functions. For more information on specifying custom functions for a fuzzy system, see Build Fuzzy Systems Using Custom Functions.

You can generate code using either Simulink Coder or Simulink PLC Coder™ software.

**PLC Deployment: Generate IEC 61131-3 Structured Text from fuzzy logic controllers**

The Fuzzy Logic Controller block now supports generation of IEC 61131-3 Structured Text for PLC deployment using Simulink PLC Coder software.

**Fuzzy Logic Controller Block Improvements: Configure additional block parameters, and access intermediate fuzzy inference results**

For the Fuzzy Logic Controller block, you can now:

- Use a double-precision, single-precision, or fixed-point data type.
- Specify the number of sample points for evaluating the output range of a Mamdani system.
- Access intermediate fuzzy inference results using new optional output ports.

For more information, see Fuzzy Logic Controller.
evalfis Command: Evaluate FIS output variable ranges over a smaller number of sample points

You can now specify the number of sample points for evaluating the output range of a Mamdani fuzzy inference system at the command line as any value greater than 1. Previously, the minimum value was 101.

This change applies to the:

- `numPts` input argument of `evalfis`.
- `NumSamplePoints` property of `gensurfOptions`.
R2017a

Version: 2.2.25

New Features

Bug Fixes

Compatibility Considerations
Unified genfis Command: Generate fuzzy inference system structures using a single command

The commands for generating the structure of a fuzzy inference system have been unified into a single genfis command, which you configure using a new genfisOptions option set.

Starting in R2017a, to generate a FIS structure, first create a default genfisOptions option set, specifying one of the following structure generation algorithms:

- Grid partitioning
  
  \[ \text{opt} = \text{genfisOptions('GridPartition')}; \]

- Subtractive clustering
  
  \[ \text{opt} = \text{genfisOptions('SubtractiveClustering')}; \]

- Fuzzy c-means clustering
  
  \[ \text{opt} = \text{genfisOptions('FCMClustering')}; \]

You can then modify the options using dot notation. Any options you do not modify remain at their default values.

Compatibility Considerations

Previously, to generate FIS structures, you used the genfis1, genfis2, or genfis3 commands with optional input arguments.

These commands may be removed in a future release and, starting in R2017a, using these commands generates a warning. If your code uses genfis1, genfis2, or genfis3, modify the code to use the genfis command, specifying options using a genfisOptions option set.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Algorithm</th>
<th>Old Syntax</th>
<th>New Syntax</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grid partitioning</td>
<td>\texttt{fis = genfis1(data,... numMFs,... inmftype,... outmftype)}</td>
<td>\texttt{opt = genfisOptions('GridPartition');} \newline \texttt{opt.NumMembershipFunctions = numMFs;} \newline \texttt{opt.InputMembershipFunctionType = inmftype;} \newline \texttt{opt.OutputMembershipFunctionType = outmftype;} \newline \texttt{inputData = data(:,end-1);} \newline \texttt{outputData = data(:,end);} \newline \texttt{fis = genfis(inputData,outputData,opt);}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtractive clustering</td>
<td>\texttt{fis = genfis2(inputData,... outputData,... radii,... xBounds,... options,... userCenters)}</td>
<td>\texttt{opt = genfisOptions('SubtractiveClustering');} \newline \texttt{opt.ClusterInfluenceRange = radii;} \newline \texttt{opt.DataScale = xBounds;} \newline \texttt{opt.SquashFactor = options(1);} \newline \texttt{opt.AcceptRatio = options(2);} \newline \texttt{opt.RejectRatio = options(3);} \newline \texttt{opt.Verbose = options(4);} \newline \texttt{opt.CustomClusterCenters = userCenters;} \newline \texttt{fis = genfis(inputData,outputData,opt);}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCM clustering</td>
<td>\texttt{fis = genfis3(inputData,... outputData,... type,... cluster_n,... fcmoptions)}</td>
<td>\texttt{opt = genfisOptions('FCMClustering');} \newline \texttt{opt.FISType = type;} \newline \texttt{opt.NumClusters = cluster_n;} \newline \texttt{opt.Exponent = fcmoptions(1);} \newline \texttt{opt.MaxNumIteration = fcmoptions(2);} \newline \texttt{opt.MinImprovement = fcmoptions(3);} \newline \texttt{opt.Verbose = fcmoptions(4);} \newline \texttt{fis = genfis(inputData,outputData,opt);}</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The syntaxes in this table assume that you are specifying all the options for each algorithm. Since the initial \texttt{genfisOptions} option set contains default algorithm options, you have to specify only nondefault options. For example, create an FIS using FCM clustering with three clusters, leaving all other options at their default values.

\begin{verbatim}
opt = genfisOptions('FCMClustering');
opt.NumClusters = 3;
fis = genfis(Xin,Xout,opt);
\end{verbatim}
**anfisOptions Command: Specify options for training adaptive neuro-fuzzy inference systems**

To specify options for training adaptive neuro-fuzzy inference systems using the `anfis` command, you now create an `anfisOptions` option set. You can then modify the options using dot notation. Any options you do not modify remain at their default values.

**Compatibility Considerations**

Previously, to train an adaptive neuro-fuzzy inference system using `anfis`, you specified the training options using optional input arguments.

```matlab
fis = anfis(trnData,initFIS,trnOpt,dispOpt,chkData,optMethod);
```

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses `anfis`, modify the code to use an `anfisOptions` option set.

```matlab
opt = anfisOptions;
opt.InitialFIS = 3;
fis = anfis(trnData,opt);
```

The following table shows the mapping of the old `anfis` input arguments to the new `anfisOptions` option set.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Old <code>anfis</code> Input Argument</th>
<th>New <code>anfisOptions</code> Option</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>initFIS</code></td>
<td><code>InitialFIS</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>trnOpt(1)</code></td>
<td><code>EpochNumber</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>trnOpt(2)</code></td>
<td><code>ErrorGoal</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>trnOpt(3)</code></td>
<td><code>InitialStepSize</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>trnOpt(4)</code></td>
<td><code>StepSizeDecreaseRate</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>trnOpt(5)</code></td>
<td><code>StepSizeIncreaseRate</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>dispOpt(1)</code></td>
<td><code>DisplayANFISInformation</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>dispOpt(2)</code></td>
<td><code>DisplayErrorValues</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>dispOpt(3)</code></td>
<td><code>DisplayStepSize</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>dispOpt(4)</code></td>
<td><code>DisplayFinalResults</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>chkData</code></td>
<td><code>ValidationData</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
 gensurfOptions Command: Specify options for generating fuzzy inference system output surfaces

To specify options for generating fuzzy inference system output surfaces using the gensurf command, you now create a gensurfOptions option set. You can then modify the options using dot notation. Any options you do not modify remain at their default values.

Compatibility Considerations

Previously, to generate an output surface for a fuzzy inference system using gensurf, you specified the generation options using optional input arguments.

gensurf(fis,inputs,output,grids,refInput,points);

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses gensurf, modify the code to use a gensurfOptions option set.

opt = gensurfOptions;
opt.InputIndex = [1 3];
fis = gensurf(fis,opt);

The following table shows the mapping of the old gensurf input arguments to the new gensurfOptions option set.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Old gensurf Input Argument</th>
<th>New gensurfOptions Option</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>inputs</td>
<td>InputIndex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>output</td>
<td>OutputIndex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>grids</td>
<td>NumGridPoints</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>refinput</td>
<td>ReferenceInputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>points</td>
<td>NumSamplePoints</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
newfis Command: Specify options using Name,Value pairs

To specify options for creating new fuzzy inference systems using the `newfis` command, you now use Name,Value pair arguments. Any Name,Value pair arguments that you do not specify remain at their default values.

Compatibility Considerations

Previously, you specified options for the `newfis` command using optional input arguments.

```matlab
fis = newfis('My FIS',fisType,andMethod,orMethod,impMethod,aggMethod,defuzzMethod);
```

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses `newfis`, modify the code to use one or more Name,Value pair arguments. For example, create a Mamdani FIS with default options.

```matlab
fis = newfis('My FIS','FISType','mamdani');
```

The following table shows the mapping of the old input arguments to the new Name,Value pair arguments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Old newfis Input Argument</th>
<th>New Name,Value Argument</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>fisType</td>
<td>'FISType'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>andMethod</td>
<td>'AndMethod'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>orMethod</td>
<td>'OrMethod'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>impMethod</td>
<td>'ImplicationMethod'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aggMethod</td>
<td>'AggregationMethod'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>defuzzMethod</td>
<td>'DefuzzificationMethod'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

parsrule Command: Specify options using Name,Value pairs

To specify options for creating new fuzzy inference systems using the `parsrule` command, you now use Name,Value pair arguments. Any Name,Value pair arguments that you do not specify remain at their default values.
Compatibility Considerations

Previously, you specified options for the `parsrule` command using optional input arguments `ruleFormat` and `lang`.

```matlab
outFIS = parsrule(inFIS,ruleList,ruleFormat,lang);
```

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses `newfis`, modify the code to use one or more Name,Value pair arguments. For example, add a list of rules in 'symbolic' format.

```matlab
fis = parsrule(inFIS,ruleList,'Format','symbolic');
```

The following table shows the mapping of the old input arguments to the new Name,Value pair arguments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Old <code>parsrule</code> Input Argument</th>
<th>New Name,Value Argument</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>ruleFormat</code></td>
<td>'Format'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>lang</code></td>
<td>'Language'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**showrule Command: Specify options using Name,Value pairs**

To specify options for viewing the rules of a fuzzy inference system using the `showrule` command, you now use Name,Value pair arguments. Any Name,Value pair arguments that you do not specify remain at their default values.

Compatibility Considerations

Previously, you specified options for the `showrule` command using optional input arguments `indexList`, `format`, and `lang`.

```matlab
showrule(fis,indexList,format$lang);
```

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses `newfis`, modify the code to use one or more Name,Value pair arguments. For example, view the first fuzzy rule in `fis`.

```matlab
showrule(fis,'RuleIndex',1);
```

The following table shows the mapping of the old input arguments to the new Name,Value pair arguments.
To specify options for subtractive clustering using the `subclust` command, you now use `Name,Value` pair arguments. Any `Name,Value` pair arguments that you do not specify remain at their default values.

**Compatibility Considerations**

Previously, you specified options for the `subclust` command using optional input arguments `xBounds` and `options`.

```matlab
fisOut = subclust(fisIn,radii,xBounds,options);
```

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses `newfis`, modify the code to use one or more `Name,Value` pair arguments. For example, specify clustering options.

```matlab
fisOut = subclust(fisIn,radii,'Options',options);
```

The following table shows the mapping of the old input arguments to the new `Name,Value` pair arguments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Old <code>subclust</code> Input Argument</th>
<th>New <code>Name,Value</code> Argument</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>xBounds</code></td>
<td><code>'DataScale'</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>options</code></td>
<td><code>'Options'</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Obtain fuzzy inference system properties using improved `getfis` command**

Several `getfis` syntaxes that previously printed formatted properties to the Command Window and also returned properties now perform a single action.

- `getfis(fis)` now just prints FIS properties to the Command Window.
• `getfis(fis,vartype,varindex)` now just returns variable properties in a structure.

• `getfis(fis,vartype,varindex,'mf',mfIndex)` now just returns membership function properties in a structure.

**Compatibility Considerations**

Starting in R2017a, the following `getfis` syntaxes have a new behavior.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Syntax</th>
<th>Previous Behavior</th>
<th>New Behavior</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>getfis(fis)</code></td>
<td>Print formatted list of FIS properties to Command Window, and return FIS name.</td>
<td>Print formatted list of FIS properties to Command Window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>getfis(fis,vartype,varIndex)</code></td>
<td>Print formatted list variable properties to Command Window, and return structure that contains variable properties.</td>
<td>Return structure that contains variable properties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>getfis(fis,vartype,varIndex,'mf',mfIndex)</code></td>
<td>Print formatted list membership function properties to Command Window, and return structure that contains membership function properties.</td>
<td>Return structure that contains membership function properties.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Functionality being removed or changed**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Functionality</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Use This Instead</th>
<th>Compatibility Considerations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>genfis1</code>, <code>genfis2</code>, and <code>genfis3</code> commands</td>
<td>Warns</td>
<td><code>genfis</code> command</td>
<td>See “Unified genfis Command: Generate fuzzy inference system structures using a single command” on page 5-2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functionality</td>
<td>Result</td>
<td>Use This Instead</td>
<td>Compatibility Considerations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specify optional input arguments for the <code>gensurf</code> command</td>
<td>Still works</td>
<td>Specify options using <code>gensurfOptions</code> command.</td>
<td>See “<code>gensurfOptions</code> Command: Specify options for generating fuzzy inference system output surfaces” on page 5-5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specify optional input arguments for <code>newfis</code> command</td>
<td>Still works</td>
<td>Specify options using <code>Name,Value</code> pair arguments.</td>
<td>See “<code>newfis</code> Command: Specify options using <code>Name,Value</code> pairs” on page 5-6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specify optional input arguments for <code>parsrule</code> command</td>
<td>Still works</td>
<td>Specify options using <code>Name,Value</code> pair arguments.</td>
<td>See “<code>parsrule</code> Command: Specify options using <code>Name,Value</code> pairs” on page 5-6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specify optional input arguments for <code>showrule</code> command</td>
<td>Still works</td>
<td>Specify options using <code>Name,Value</code> pair arguments.</td>
<td>See “<code>showrule</code> Command: Specify options using <code>Name,Value</code> pairs” on page 5-7.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specify optional input arguments for <code>subclust</code> command</td>
<td>Still works</td>
<td>Specify options using <code>Name,Value</code> pair arguments.</td>
<td>See “<code>subclust</code> Command: Specify options using <code>Name,Value</code> pairs” on page 5-8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>getfis</code> command syntaxes that both print and return properties</td>
<td>Still works</td>
<td>Syntaxes now either print or return properties, not both.</td>
<td>See “Obtain fuzzy inference system properties using improved <code>getfis</code> command” on page 5-8.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
R2016b

Version: 2.2.24

New Features

Bug Fixes
Standalone Applications for ANFIS Training: Deploy neuro-adaptive fuzzy inference code using MATLAB Compiler

The `anfis` command now supports application deployment using MATLAB Compiler™. For more information on building and deploying standalone applications from MATLAB programs, see MATLAB Compiler.
R2016a

Version: 2.2.23

Bug Fixes
R2015b

Version: 2.2.22

Bug Fixes
R2015a

Version: 2.2.21

Bug Fixes
R2014b

Version: 2.2.20

New Features

Bug Fixes
Commands to open Fuzzy Logic Designer and Neuro-Fuzzy Designer renamed

fuzzy is renamed to fuzzyLogicDesigner. Use this command to open the Fuzzy Logic Designer app.

anfisedit is renamed to neuroFuzzyDesigner. Use this command to open the Neuro-Fuzzy Designer app.
Version: 2.2.19

New Features

Bug Fixes
Example that shows how to use a fuzzy inference system to detect edges in an image

The Fuzzy Logic Image Processing example shows how to use a fuzzy inference system to detect edges in an image.
R2013b

Version: 2.2.18

Bug Fixes
R2013a

Version: 2.2.17

No New Features or Changes
R2012b

Version: 2.2.16

No New Features or Changes
R2012a

Version: 2.2.15

No New Features or Changes
R2011b

Version: 2.2.14

No New Features or Changes
Version: 2.2.13

No New Features or Changes
R2010b

Version: 2.2.12

No New Features or Changes
Version: 2.2.11

No New Features or Changes
R2009b

Version: 2.2.10

No New Features or Changes
R2009a

Version: 2.2.9

No New Features or Changes
R2008b

Version: 2.2.8

No New Features or Changes
R2008a

Version: 2.2.7

No New Features or Changes
R2007b

Version: 2.2.6

New Features
**New Demo**

Fuzzy Logic Toolbox software has a new demo Fuzzy C-Means Clustering for Iris Data, which illustrates the use of Fuzzy C-Means clustering for Iris dataset.
R2007a

Version: 2.2.5

No New Features or Changes
R2006b

Version: 2.2.4

No New Features or Changes
R2006a

Version: 2.2.3

No New Features or Changes
R14SP3

Version: 2.2.2

No New Features or Changes
R14SP2

Version: 2.2.1

No New Features or Changes